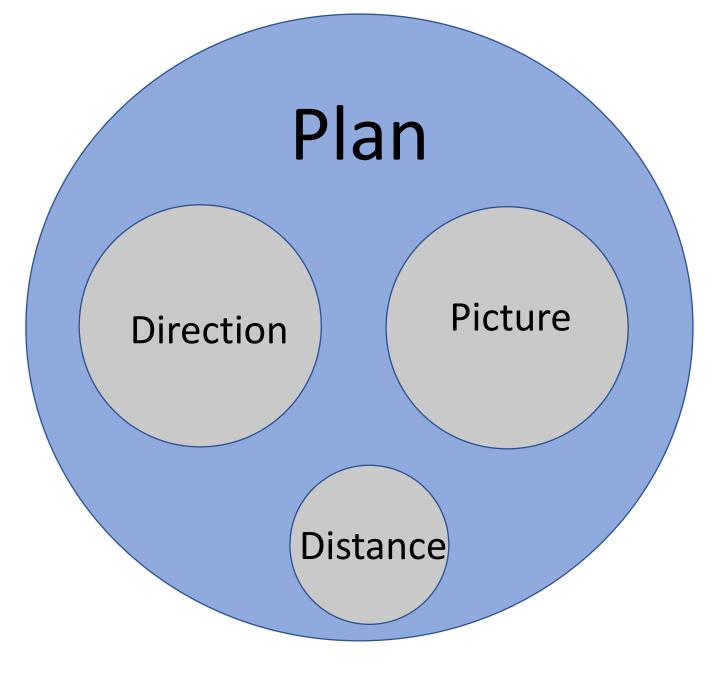
#### How to orienteer in 10 minutes

About learning and improving

• Those that learn the most (how to physically train, how to nav, how to prep) succeed

#### Make a plan

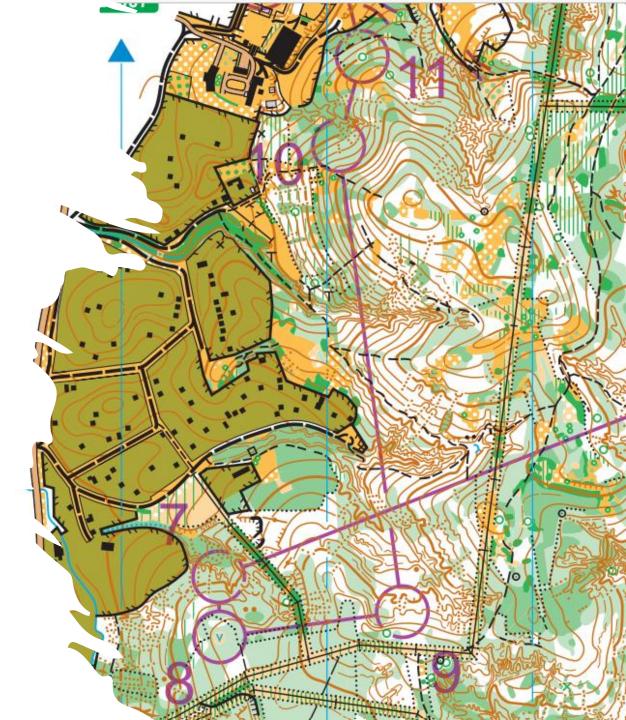
- Leapfrog between beacons
- To get between beacons:
  - Direction (compass)
  - Picture (features)



### Plan

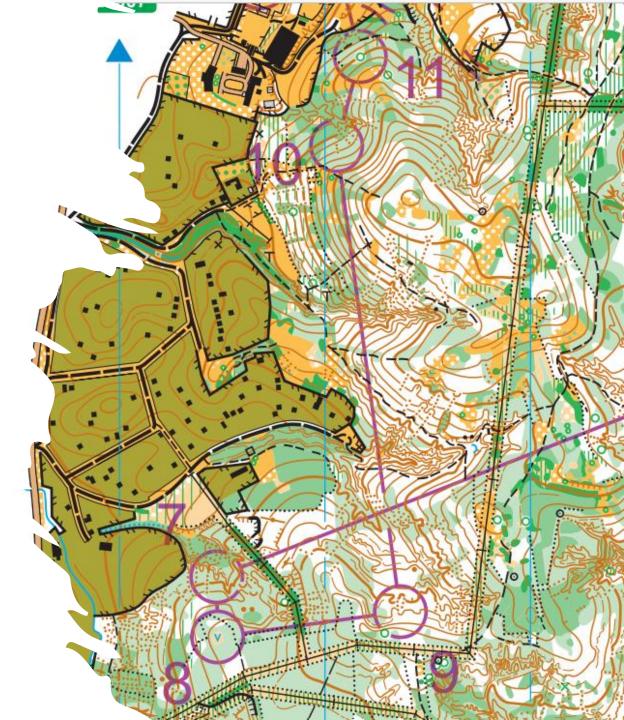
- 1. Read the map
- 2. Choose a route
- 3. Make a plan
  - a. Beacon features
  - b. For the whole leg
  - c. When to be accurate

Planning is different to route choice



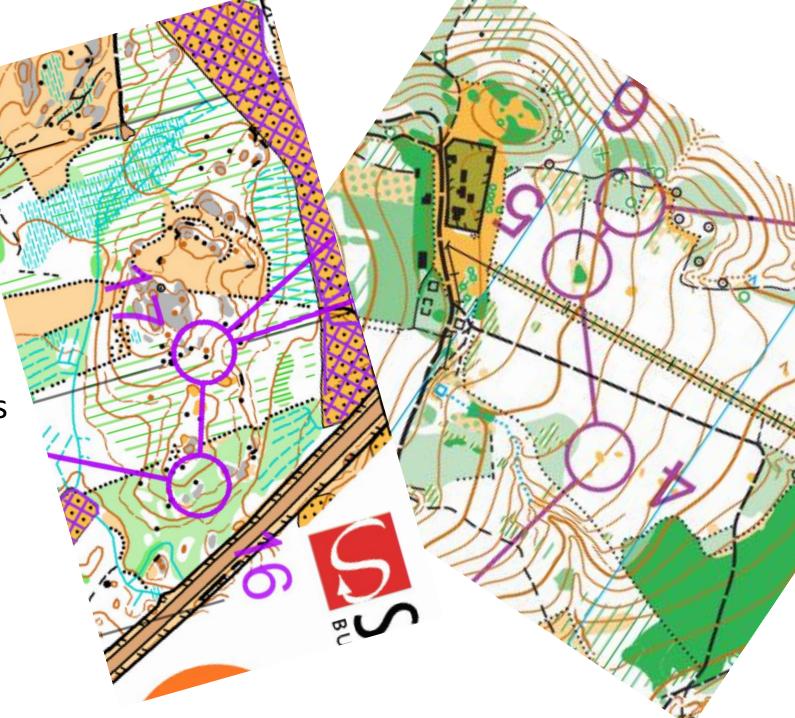
## A good plan...

- Simplified to big, obvious, visible features
- To kick-start thinking about planning:
- Talk-O
- Ask yourself two questions:
  - 1. What next?
  - 2. Am I going straight / left / right of that?



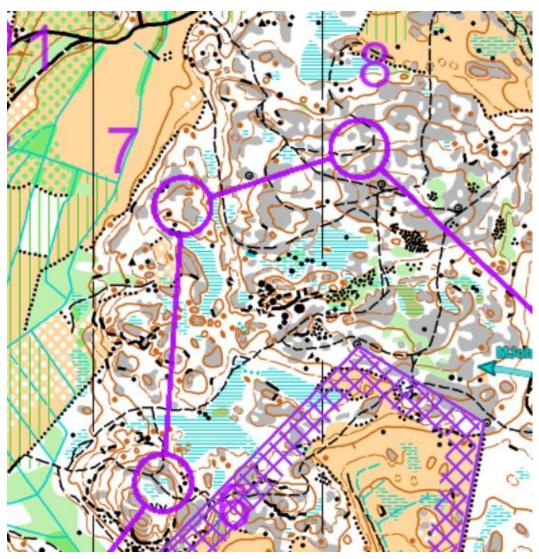
#### Direction

- Compass
- Pointer features
- Compass running in the background, with features too
- Important times to check:
  - Exit direction
  - Changes in direction

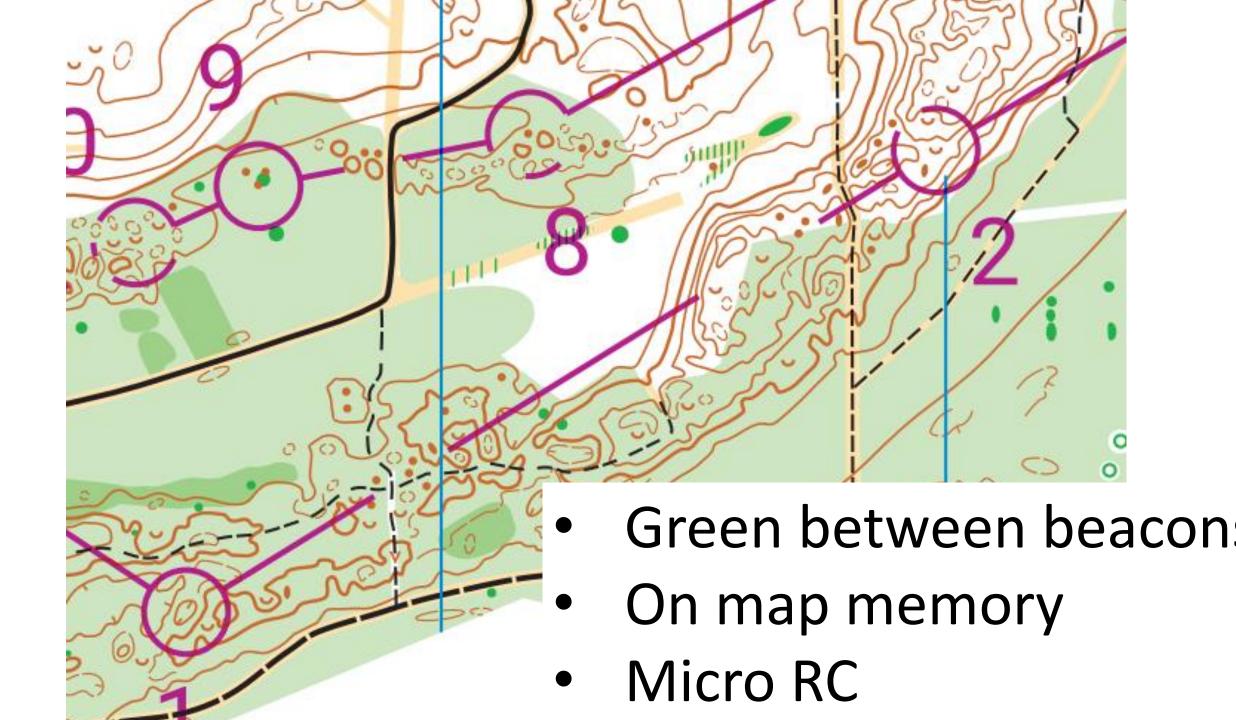


#### Picture

- Picking out key features from the map
- Finding them on the ground
- Simplify

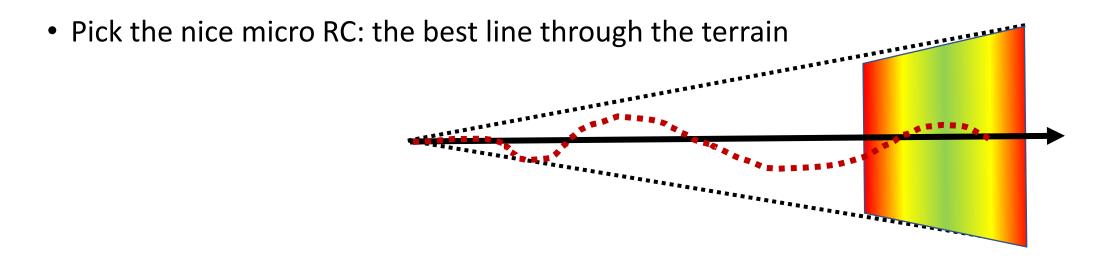


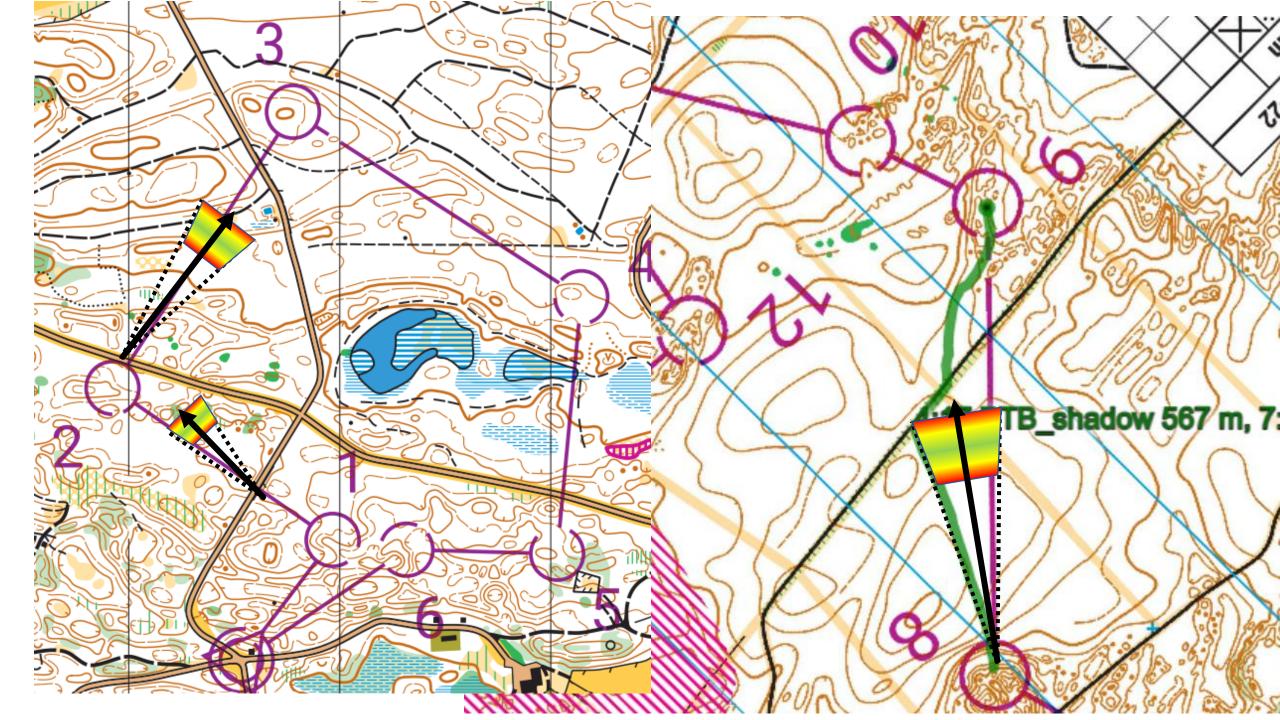
- Plan is the most important part of orienteering
- Leapfrog between beacon features
- What makes a good beacon?
  - Visible, obvious, simple, unique
- Good plan = simplification & map memory = fast and confident



#### How to take a bearing

- 10% orientate the map
- 10% set your compass
- 80% sighting
  - To a definite point





# Picture



Picture

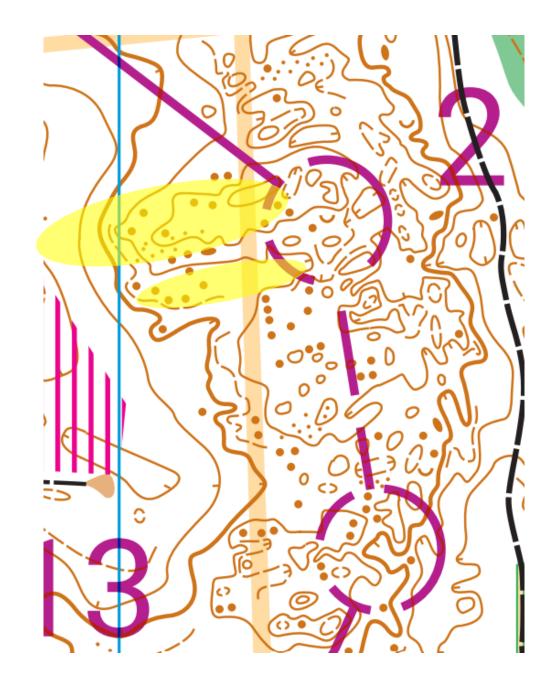
Beacons get you to the circle

"What next?"

You need a picture in the circle

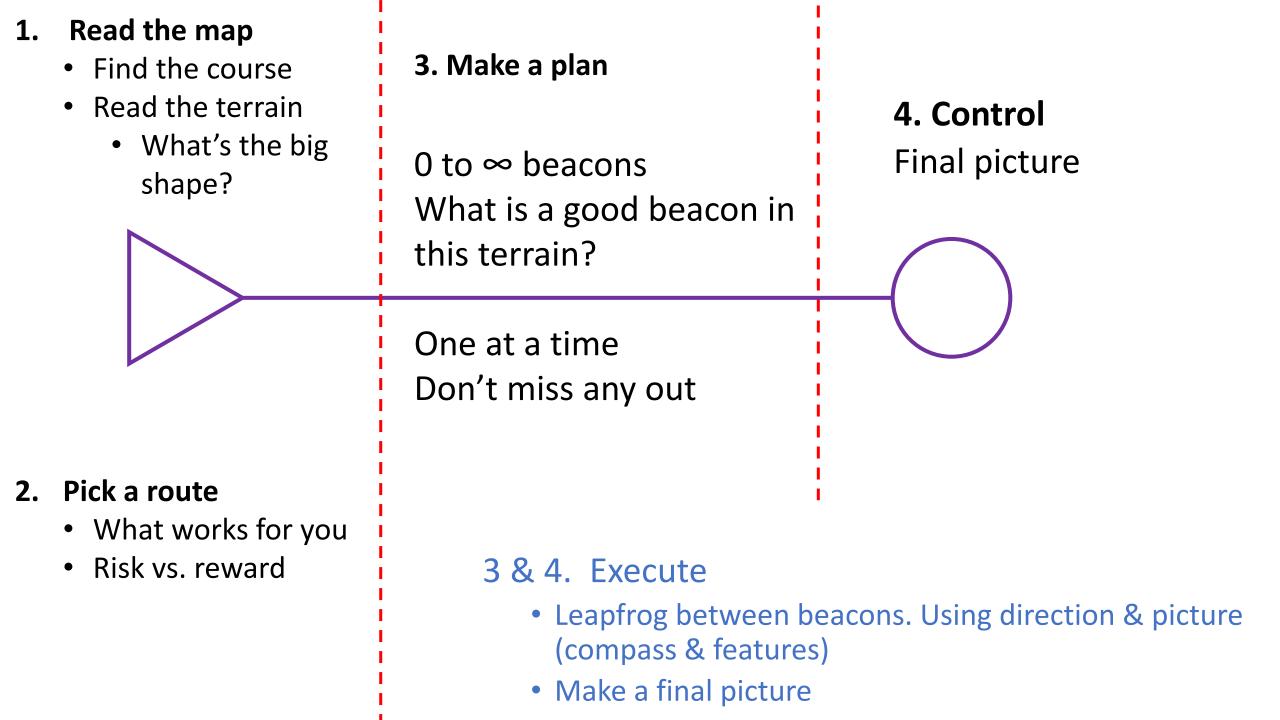
"Where is the control?"

Switch from beacon mode to final picture mode



#### Distance

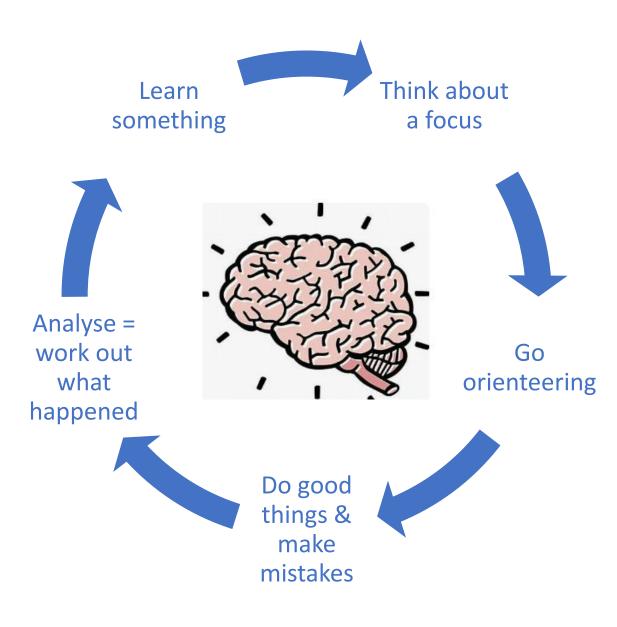
• Use 'the force'



## Analysis

Goal is to learn

- 1. Plan
- 2. Do
- 3. Review



### What did you learn today?

• Write 2 things you did well today?

• 1 thing you can improve tomorrow?

• Hints: plan, picking good beacons, sightings, direction from compass + features